

ABSTRACT

A rotor (23) and a seat (24) mounted on a first shell (26) is disposed between an annular first shell (26) and an annular second shell (27) both constituting a damper case (25), thereby forming rotary damper means (21). A damper lever (28) on which the rotor (23) is mounted is hooked on a fixing pin (29) fixed to a body (1). Viscous fluid such as highly viscous oil is charged into a damper chamber (22) formed between the rotor (23) and the seat (24), and a viscous resistance is applied to the rotor (23) and the seat (24). In a state in which a rotation center of the rotary damper means (21) is deviated from a rotation center of the shaft (6) which is rotated by the operating lever (20), the damper case (25) is fixed to a flange portion (6a) of the shaft, the rotor (23) and the seat (24) are allowed to rotate relatively to each other by an inclining operation of the operating lever (20), and a resistance force from the rotary damper means (21) is applied to the operating lever (20).